

REB STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES MANUAL

Name of SOP: Conflicts of Interest - Organization **REB SOP # 023A**

Issued by: Research Ethics Board Office

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Purpose:

This standard operating procedure (SOP) describes potential Conflicts of Interest (COI) in the relationship between the organization establishing the Research Ethics Board (REB) and the REB itself, and the requirements and procedures for disclosure and for managing potential COI within this relationship

Scope:

This SOP pertains to REBs that review human participant research in compliance with applicable regulations and guidelines.

Description:

Organizational policies should address the roles, responsibilities and process for identifying, eliminating, minimizing or otherwise managing COI relevant to research, including disclosure to REBs. Management of COI includes, but is not limited to, prevention, evaluation, disclosure and the application of appropriate remedies as defined by the organization.

The REB must be fair and impartial, immune from pressure by the sponsor, the parent organization and the Researchers whose research is submitted for review. In the interest of public trust and the integrity of the ethics review, the REB must act independently from its parent organization, and avoid or manage real or apparent COI. The organization must respect the autonomy of the REB and ensure that the REB has the appropriate financial and administrative independence to fulfill its primary duties.

The standard that should guide decisions about determining conflicting interests is whether an independent observer could reasonably question whether the REB actions or decisions could be based on factors other than the rights, welfare, and safety of the research participants

Procedure:

1) Disclosure of Conflicts of Interest:

All organizational employees must be familiar with the Conflicts of Interest Policy and must complete a Disclosure of Conflicts of Interest Form(s) (if applicable) at the time of hire and annually thereafter, or as per organizational policy

Prior to engaging in any of the professional activities listed in the Conflicts of Interest Policy, employees must seek the approval of the appropriate Organizational Official to ensure that no conflict exists in doing so

REB members shall be apprised of the organizational structure with emphasis placed on the independent nature of the relationship between the REB and the organization. The actions of the REB members relating to their responsibilities to protect human research participants shall not be measured or evaluated in terms

of organizational or financial goals;

REB meetings are closed to employees of the organization unless they are REB members, REB Office Personnel, permitted as observers, or invited by the REB to provide information, and only after signed confidentiality agreements are in place

Organizational senior administrators shall not serve as REB members nor observe REB meetings when their presence may influence REB deliberations

2) Management of Conflicts of Interest:

The REB Chair or designee must be notified if an organizational COI relating to the REB is declared or discovered

The REB Chair or designee must be notified immediately if any organizational employee attempts to, or appears to attempt to, influence the research ethics review process or to obtain preferential treatment

The REB Chair or designee will review the available information to determine if a conflict exists, and to determine those aspects of the COI that might reasonably affect human participant protection

The REB Chair or designee may require a management plan, which may include actions to eliminate or to mitigate the conflict. Required actions may include, but are not limited to:

- Divestiture or termination of relevant economic interest
- Recusal of REB Office Personnel whose job status or compensation is impacted by research that is reviewed by the REB,
- If organizational staff members are involved, inform the appropriate responsible organizational management personnel to develop and implement a management plan for remediation

If the REB Chair or designee is unable to satisfactorily manage the COI, or if there are unresolved concerns about any undue influence on the REB, the REB Chair or designee will bring this to the appropriate Organizational Officials for determination of the appropriate course of action

In the event that the REB Chair or designee cannot bring the matter to the appropriate Organizational Officials because of an emergent situation or competing COI with the organization, the REB Chair or designee may escalate the issue to the board authority

Responsibility:

All REB members and REB Office Personnel are responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this SOP are met

References:

- 1) N2 CAREB REB SOPs v1 SOP 105C.001 (September 2014) https://oicronca.box.com/s/95k7ydj574579ajvbe06
- Canadian Institutes of Health Research, Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada, and Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada, Tri-Council Policy Statement: Ethical conduct for Research Involving Humans, December 2010: (short name: TCPS 2) http://www.pre.ethics.gc.ca/eng/policy-politique/initiatives/tcps2-eptc2/Default/
- 3) ICH: E6 Guidance for industry: Good Clinical Practices (GCP): (April 1996) http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/Guidances/ucm073122.pdf
- 4) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS): Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 45

Part 46.103, Part 46.108 http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/humansubjects/guidance/45cfr46.html

- 5) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS): Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP) Policy & Guidance Library http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/policy/index.html
- 6) Ontario Shores Research Ethics Board Terms of Reference, Functions and Responsibilities (2009)